# Building Statewide Alcohol Policy Alliances to Reduce Alcohol-Related Harms

David Jernigan Michael Sparks Dylan Ellerbee Xixi Zhou Michael Mumper As required by the Alcohol Policy 19 Conference, I/we have signed a disclosure statement and note the following conflict(s) of interest:

### None



## WHAT IS an State Alcohol Policy Alliance?

- A vehicle to engage in state-level alcohol policy making
- Structures take many forms (case by case determination):
  - Organizational membership
  - Individual membership
  - Dues/no dues
  - Lobbyist/no lobbyist
  - 501(c)3, 501(c)4, loose association, etc

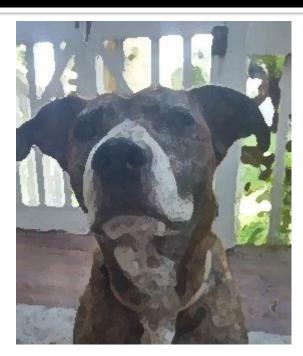
## WHY START an State Alcohol Policy Alliance?

- There is a big void in alcohol policy work and it is important.
- State level trickle down: e.g. what happens at the State Capital may have more impact at the local level than what happens at City Council.

 Strengthens prevention policies that trickle down to the local community level

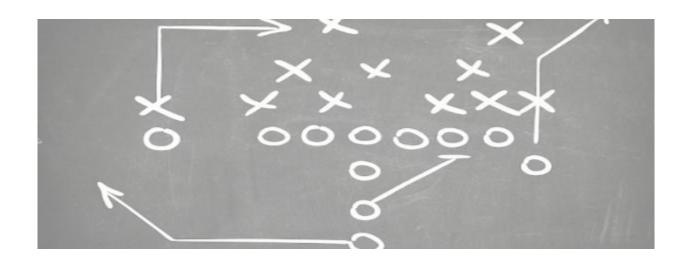
## WHY START a State Alcohol Policy Alliance?

- Act as an industry "watchdog"
- Provides a platform for local communities to influence state policies



- Provides a network of communities that can help each other on local policy
- Connect to national policy advocates

### **Key Goals**



#### 1. Engage in State-Level Policy Making

- Offense: Promote passage of evidence-based alcohol policy
- Defense: Push back on alcohol industry power

### **Key Goals**

### 2. Engage with national policy making debates in Washington DC.



- Build a national voice on alcohol policy
- Become part of the "movement"

### 3. Provide TA to local coalitions working on alcohol policy in your state

### Existing State Alcohol Policy Alliances that have Affiliated with USAPA

Texas ~ North Carolina ~ Michigan California ~ Oregon ~ Hawaii Alaska ~ New Hampshire Nebraska ~ Georgia

## Issues State Alliances Are Currently Addressing

- Alcohol Industry supported
   State-by-State regulatory rollbacks
  - Bars and restaurant hours, where, how and what alcohol can be sold
- Alcohol-to-go
- Alcohol Taxes
- Outlet Density



## Issues State Alliances Are Currently Addressing



- Lowering DUI BAC
- General deregulation of the three-tier system including micro
   & craft breweries/distilleries
- Civil Social Hosting
- ... And more ...

### **Getting Started**



### ACTION STEPS to Creating a Statewide Alliance



- 1. Outreach/Present to interested groups on the significance/importance of creating a statewide coalition.
  - What makes you different than other statewide groups?

## ACTION STEPS to Creating a Statewide Alliance



- 2. Understand State legislative process, create a workgroup to track alcohol-related bills and provide training
- Don't make perfect the enemy of good: Be willing to play "defense" in the beginning – "offense" later

## ACTION STEPS to Creating a Statewide Alliance



### 3. Create an organizational structure:

- Quick decision-making
- Regular communication
- Media coverage
- "Calls to action"

## ACTION STEPS to Creating a Statewide Alliance



## 4. Establish relationships with lawmakers and build capacity to advocate

- Become quasi "staff" to lawmakers
- 10 phone calls = 1000 voters

### Action Steps to Creating a Statewide Alliance



#### 5. Seek \$\$ support

- Individual member contributions
- Private foundations
- State funding
- Fundraising
- US Alcohol Policy Alliance (TA)

### **Next Steps for You?**

- Convene a few colleagues
- Convene a few colleagues for a call with USAPA
- ✓ Decide who else who should be involved?
- Start tracking legislation
- Training opportunities—ANOC

### Join USAPA Meeting on State Alliances TONIGHT!

- What: An interactive learning experience and opportunity to ask questions and dive deeper into the process.
  - Hear from others who have state alliances
  - Explore opportunities to get started
- When: Thursday Sept 15, 5:45 7:15
- Where: Studio B



David H. Jernigan PhD Xixi Zhou

Department of Health Law, Policy and Management Boston University School of Public Health



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Evidence to Action: Building a Framework for Change September 14-16, 2022 Arlington, VA



#### **Why This Report?**

- Data can help us tell an alcohol story and put alcohol policy in context.
- Like many states, Massachusetts has lots of data about alcohol, but it is dispersed across the state.
- Some states have an active SEOW;
   Massachusetts does not.
- Bringing it all together in one place can tell the state's alcohol story, and provide a platform for a robust conversation about alcohol policy based on what is actually happening, as opposed to anecdote and myth.



#### **How We Gathered the Data: Documents**

- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
  - Alcohol-Related Disease Impact Application (ARDI)
  - CDC Wonder
  - National Center for Health Statistics
- Center for Health Information and Analysis (hospital data)
- Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME)
- National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
- National Center for Health Statistics



#### **How We Gathered the Data: Documents**

- Massachusetts Department of Public Health
  - Population Health Information Tool
  - Bureau of Substance Addiction Services
  - Division of Analysis and Epidemiology
  - Population Health Reporting and Dissemination
  - Public Health Reporting and Dissemination
- Massachusetts Department of Revenue
- Massachusetts Alcoholic Beverages Control Commission
- Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI)
- Massachusetts State Police CrimeSOLV



#### **How We Gathered the Data: Interviews**

- Massachusetts Department of Public Health
  - Statistics and Evaluation Specialists for Substance Addiction
  - Program Manager from Population Health Information Tool (PHIT)
  - Director of Statistics Unit
- Massachusetts Department of Revenue
  - Director of Miscellaneous Excises Unit
  - Specialist of Press Release and Reports
  - Legislative/External Affairs Director
- Chief (Director) at Massachusetts Alcoholic Beverages Control Commission
- CDC
  - Health Statisticians
  - Specialist at CDC Wonder



#### **Report Table of Contents**

01 Alcohol Consumption

Alcohol Taxes and Related Revenue

O2 Alcohol Attributable Death & Disability

05 Alcohol Policies



Other Consequences of Alcohol Use

06 Conclusions

#### **Alcohol Consumption**



#### MA

- Bay staters drank **2.57** gallons of ethanol per capita
- In the 4<sup>th</sup> decile of states nationwide

U.S.

2.38 gallons per capita

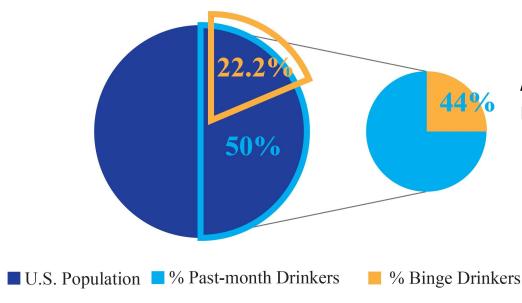
#### **Alcohol Consumption**



#### MA

- Bay staters consumed more than **15** million gallons of ethanol from all alcoholic beverages in 2019, including:
- **5.3** million gallons of ethanol from beer
- **3.6** million gallons of ethanol from wine
- **6.1** million gallons of ethanol from spirits

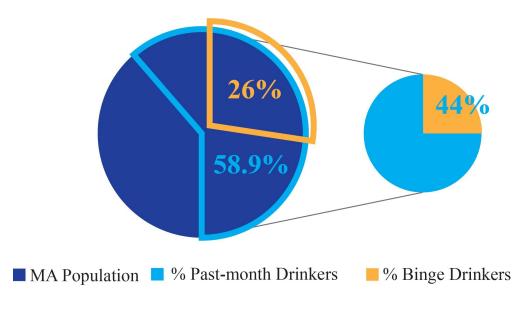
#### **Drinking Patterns in the U.S.**



### Alcohol consumption is skewed nationally:

- 22.2% of the US population binged in the past month
- This means 44% of all drinkers were binge drinkers

#### **Drinking Patterns in Massachusetts**



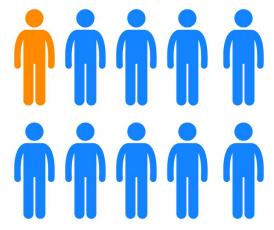
### Drinking is similarly concentrated in the MA population:

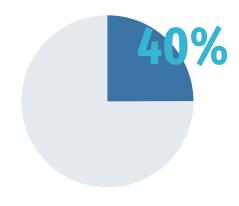
- 26% were past-month binge drinkers.
- That is also the equivalent of about 44% of drinkers.

#### Death and Disability from Alcohol Use: National Estimates

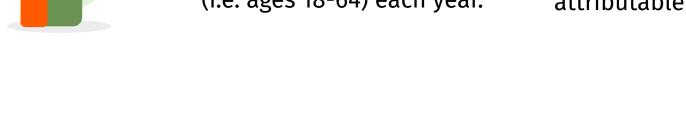
CDC estimates alcohol causes

deaths per year.

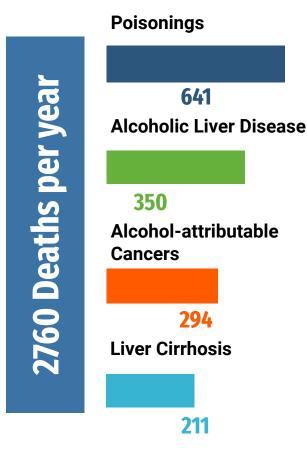


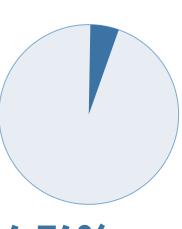


Binge drinking is responsible Alcohol causes the death of 1 for more than 40% of deaths in 10 persons of working age and 3/4 of the costs (i.e. ages 18-64) each year. attributable to alcohol misuse.

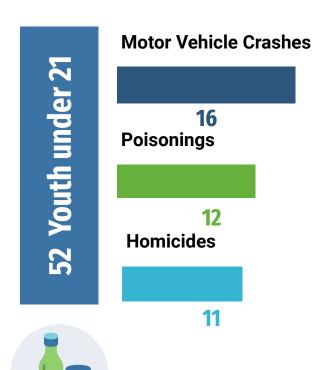


#### Death and Disability from Alcohol Use: Massachusetts



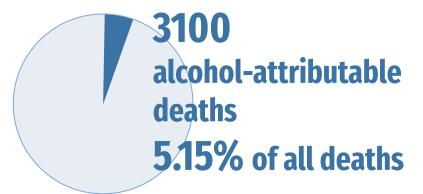




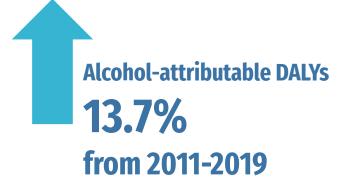




#### Death and Disability from Alcohol Use: Massachusetts



110,000 years of life lost to death and disability due to alcohol use



Rising faster than lung cancer, diabetes, high blood pressure, dietary risks, and tobacco use





- An average of 148 alcohol-attributable suicides per year
- An average of 99 alcohol-attributable homicides per year

#### **Emergency room visits:**

55,050 alcohol-related ER visits, 1.75% of total ER visits

#### **Emergency room readmissions:**

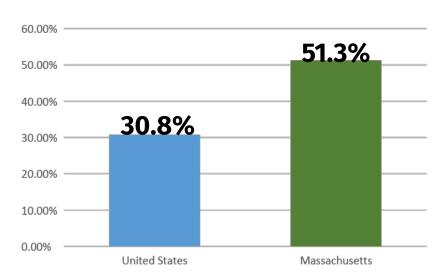
 Alcohol abuse and dependence were the 4th largest cause of ER readmissions in 2020

- 23% of admissions were followed by a readmission
- 34% of alcoholic liver disease admissions followed by a readmission



#### **Treatment admissions:**

 MA residents age 12+ more likely to be admitted to treatment secondary to alcohol abuse than nationwide



#### **Primary Diagnoses (2019):**

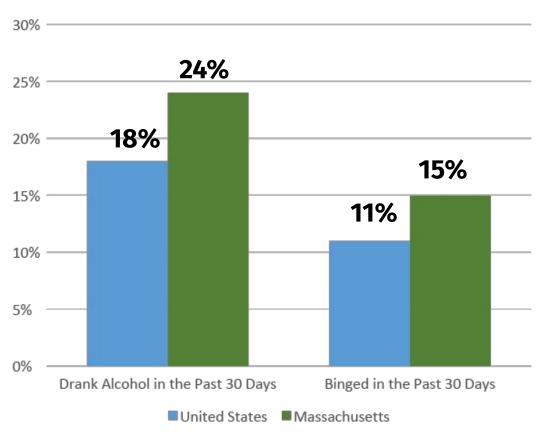
- Alcohol-related disorders among the 10 most common CCSR ICD-10-CM diagnoses
- 72,163 diagnoses of alcohol-related disorders
- The most common behavioral health diagnosis
- Had the longest average length of stay of treat-and-release visits

#### **Drinking-driving:**

- 32.4% of all fatal crashes in the Bay State in 2020 involved alcohol-impaired drivers (BAC>.08), compared to 28% nationwide
- 98 deaths in Massachusetts from alcohol-related motor vehicle crashes in 2020
- Approximately 66,000 adults (1.2% of 18+ population) in Massachusetts self-reported having driven at least once during the past 30 days after drinking



# **Drinking Patterns: Massachusetts Youth Ages 12-20**

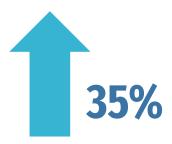


- MA youth are more likely to drink and binge drink than the national average for their age group.
- Massachusetts underage youth rank 6<sup>th</sup> in the country for prevalence both of past-month drinking and past-month binge drinking.

# Rising Alcohol-Related Harms during the Pandemic (Nationwide)

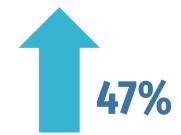


Alcohol-specific death rate 2000-2016



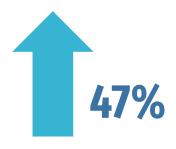


Rate of ER visits per 100,000 population involving alcohol consumption, 2006-2014





Age-adjusted death rate for alcoholic liver disease, 2000-2019



# Rising Alcohol-Related Harms during the Pandemic (Nationwide)



Deaths involving alcohol, 2019-2020 (99,017)





Age-adjusted death rate from alcohol





Largest increase of any age group: 35-44 years old



# Massachusetts: Alcohol Use During the COVID-19 Pandemic



3 out of 5

Adults used at least one substance in the past 30 days



49.1%

Among all substances reported, alcohol was the most commonly used



38%

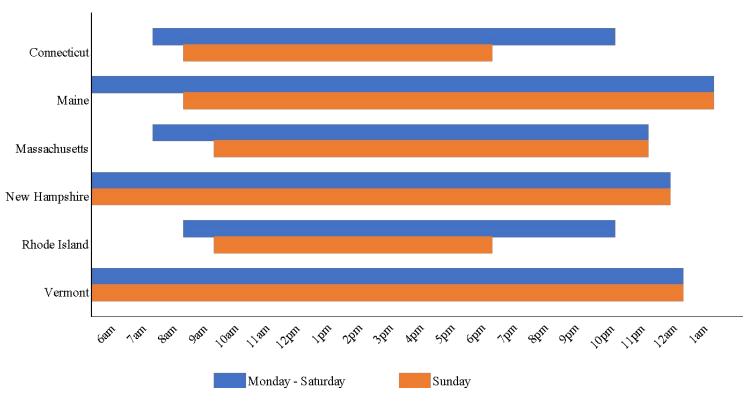
Adult participants reported increasing their alcohol use during the pandemic



### **Alcohol Policies**

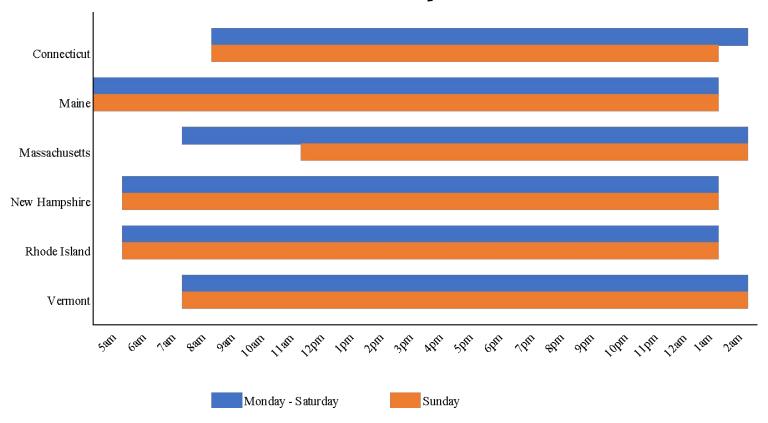
- Overall, Massachusetts alcohol policies are slightly above the national median in terms of restrictiveness, and have become slightly more restrictive in the past 20 years, but the majority of states increased their restrictiveness more than Massachusetts.
- In 2019, Massachusetts had approximately 2.4 on- and off-premise licenses for alcohol outlets per 1000 population.
- There is constant pressure to increase the number of licenses, and a ballot initiative this fall will expand from 12 to 18 the number of off-premise licenses a single entity can hold.
- Massachusetts ended its ban on Sunday sales of alcohol off-premises in 2004.

## **Hours of Sale: Off-premises**



Off-premises, Massachusetts is less restrictive than RI, on par with CT, and more restrictive than the rest of New England.

# **Hours of Sale: On-premises**



On-premises, Massachusetts is close to CT, and more restrictive than the rest of New England.

# **Alcohol Advertising and Marketing (as of 2012)**

False or misleading

**√** 

Targeting minors

Electronic media

**Outdoor ads** 

**Retail windows** 

College campuses

Sponsoring civic events

Promoting giveaways

Of eight options for regulating alcohol marketing at the state level, Massachusetts has only taken advantage of one.

## **Alcohol Taxes**

| Type of Drink                           | 1979                       | 1980                       | 2022 (if<br>inflation-adjusted) |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Malt beverages                          | \$2.40 per barrel          | \$3.30 per barrel          | \$12.40 per barrel              |
| Hard cider                              | \$.02 per wine gallon      | \$.03 per wine gallon      | \$.11 per wine gallon           |
| Still wine, including vermouth          | \$0.40 per wine<br>gallon  | \$0.55 per wine gallon     | \$2.07 per wine gallon          |
| Champagne and all other sparkling wines | \$0.50 per wine<br>gallon  | \$0.70 per wine<br>gallon  | \$2.63 per wine gallon          |
| Alcohol beverages 30 proof or less      | \$0.80 per wine<br>gallon  | \$1.10 per wine<br>gallon  | \$4.13 per wine gallon          |
| Alcohol beverages over 30 proof         | \$2.95 per proof<br>gallon | \$4.05 per proof<br>gallon | \$15.22 per proof<br>gallon     |

### **Taxes and Costs Per Drink in Massachusetts**

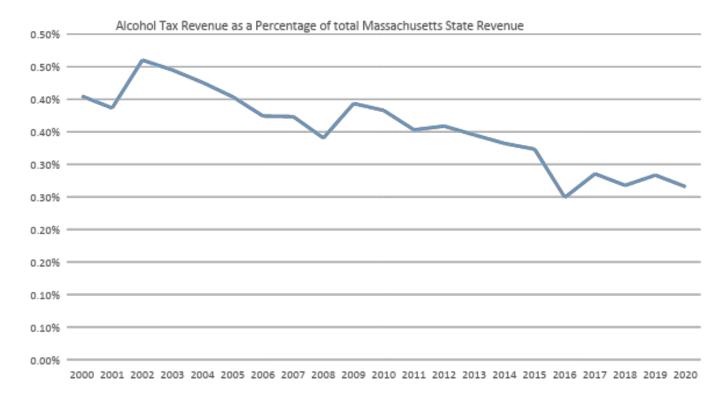
| Beverage<br>category | Current tax per drink | Inflation-adjusted tax<br>per drink |  |
|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Beer                 | \$.01                 | \$0.04                              |  |
| Wine                 | \$.02                 | \$0.08                              |  |
| Spirits              | \$.05                 | \$0.18                              |  |

- As of 2010 (the last year for which data are available), alcohol cost Massachusetts \$5.6 billion per year \$861 per person \$1.93 per drink consumed.
- Of that \$1.93, government directly paid out \$.77 per drink.

# **Alcohol Taxes in Massachusetts and Neighboring States**

| State         | Tax per Gallon |                          |                           |  |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|
|               | Beer           | Wine                     | Spirits                   |  |
| Connecticut   | \$0.23         | \$0.79                   | \$5.94                    |  |
| Maine         | \$0.35         | \$0.60                   | \$11.96                   |  |
| Massachusetts | \$0.11         | \$0.55                   | \$4.05                    |  |
| New Hampshire | \$0.30         | \$1.19 <sup>36</sup> (a) | \$-1.56 <sup>36</sup> (a) |  |
| Rhode Island  | \$0.12         | \$1.40                   | \$5.40                    |  |
| Vermont       | \$0.27         | \$0.55                   | \$7.68                    |  |

### Massachusetts Alcohol Tax Revenue from 2000-2020



Alcohol tax revenue as a percent of total state revenue has been falling steadily



## **Current Alcohol Policy Issues in MA**

- In 2009, the legislature passed a measure to include alcohol in the state's sales tax, with the proceeds going to a special fund for substance abuse prevention and treatment.
- In 2010, the alcohol industry took the issue to the ballot box, and the voters repealed the new tax.
- MA has so much money from tax receipts and federal funds due to the pandemic right now that it may be forced to return funds to taxpayers.
- In this challenging policy environment, there are still legislators at the State House who would like to increase the state alcohol tax.
- There is also an amendment to rescind the state's ban on happy hours in an economic development bill that is currently stalled in the legislature.
- This report is supporting a new statewide coalition the Massachusetts
   Alcohol Policy Coalition to work on this and other alcohol policy issues in
   the state.

# A Statewide Alcohol Policy Alliance

AP-19 September 14-16, 2022 Presented by Michael Mumper





# Do we even need a statewide policy alliance?

### Who is "we"?



### Michael Mumper's local context:

- Drug Free Fayette prevention coalition
- Funded by Drug Free Communities Year 7
- Fayette County, Georgia, suburb of Atlanta

Population 115,000

# Households 40,000

# 6<sup>th</sup>-12<sup>th</sup> graders 12,000

Households with teens 5,000



# **Drug Free Fayette's Alcohol Strategies**

| Alcohol Strategy                    | Notes   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Social Host Ordinances           | Adopted 2015-2016   |
| 2. "Parents Who Host Lose the Most" | Raise awareness of SHO's  |
| 3. SAMHSA's Talk They Hear You      | Promote parent/teen conversations   |
| 4. Policy defense                   | Local Entertainment district Alcohol in movie theaters Alcohol-infused ice cream Off-premise access in hotels |

### **GEORGIA ALCOHOL** POLICY **ALLIANCE**

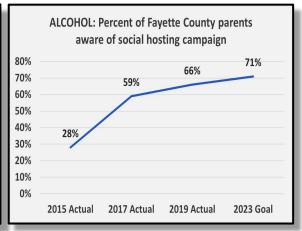
### The local scorecard



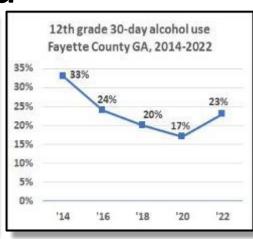
dealt with a 17 year old found unresponsive in the basement and needing medical care. Danielle M. Drouin, 45, was charged with a oty ordinance violation (social hosting), contributing to the delinquency of minors, interference with custody and felony cruelty to children, according to Fayette County Jail



Photo/Eayette County Istl.







Youth use down, till '22

years...hmmm...

7 SHO citations in 7

### **Policy battles:**

- **Local Entertainment Districts**
- Alcohol in movie theaters
- Alcohol-infused ice cream
- Off-premise access in hotels that don't serve food



We lost All policies were adopted



### Meanwhile.....

While I am in the process of losing this local battle



The State of Georgia is losing this battle



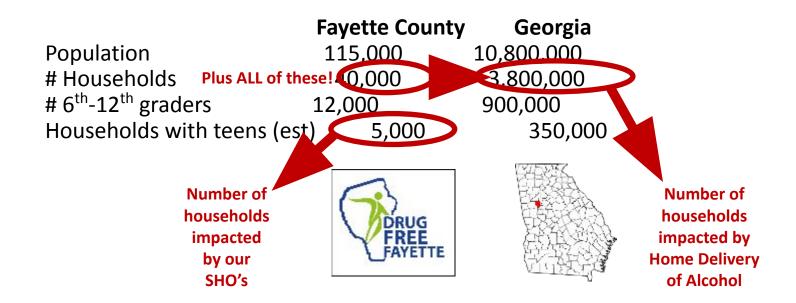
by Itoro Umontuen, August 4, 2020

FEATURED STORIES

Governor Kemp signs bill allowing home delivery of alcohol



# Now, who is "we"?





# Who was minding the store?

Prompted by Sean Haley, Diane Riibe and Snigdha Peddireddy, I reached out to the following organizations (or researched later):

- Prevention coalitions
- Behavioral Health
- Public Health
- Statewide recovery agencies
- Cancer and Heart Associations
- MADD
- Various "healthy Georgia"-oriented statewide organizations
- County and municipal associations
- Georgia beer, wine and spirits wholesalers
- Georgia Alcohol Dealers Association
- Georgia Baptist Mission

Which two fought home delivery

Senate 42-9



# Who was minding the store?

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- Georgia beer, wine and spirits wholesale
- Georgia Alcohol Dealers Association
- **Georgia Baptist Mission**

These two fought home delivery

**Outline** 

### GEORGIA ALCOHOL POLICY ALLIANCE

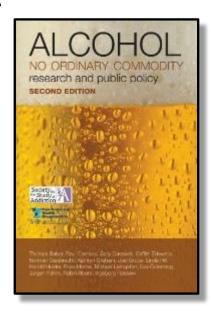
### How to start a statewide alcohol alliance

### **GAPA's path: Accomplishments and Goals, 2021-2023**

- 1. Capacity
- 2. Taking Action
- 3. Data, Research, Talking Points
- 4. Policy
- 5. Political power
- 6. Resource Development
- 7. Notes on lobbying

### The initial launch of GAPA

- 2 consultations with USAPA (Dec 2020 and Jan 2021)
- Organize 12-hour training on ANOC, Apr 2021
  - Facilitated by USAPA
  - 27 Georgia attendees from 10 coalitions
  - o "Connector" skills, database, 1-on-1 calls
- Formed a core team of six
- Joined USAPA
- Participated in Alcohol Action Network bi-monthly calls



# **Get moving!**

- Got on General Assembly email lists
- Cocktails to Go public hearing, 3/1/21
  - at Senate Regulated Industries
- 4 days to prepare a testimony, thx to AAN for our talking points!
- Colleague Charlotte Spell testified to the House a few weeks later.



Skip to 47-minute mark, play first 2 minutes of 9-minute testimony
At this link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v-MIV1e79kRb4&list=PLBFf\_ozbJKIXknJzrv1OA8-rBqo7wStu9&t=1s

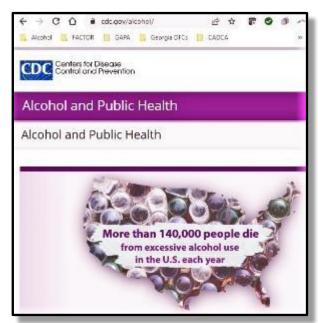


# Messages based on science and data

- CDC (Alcohol page, Fact Sheet, Vital Signs, PSR's, The Community Guide)
- SME's: Michael Sparks, Bob Brewer, Tim Naimi, Marissa Esser, USAPA members, many others!
- Also NIAAA, STOP Act Annual Report, World Health Organization

#### And, for Enforcement and Data:

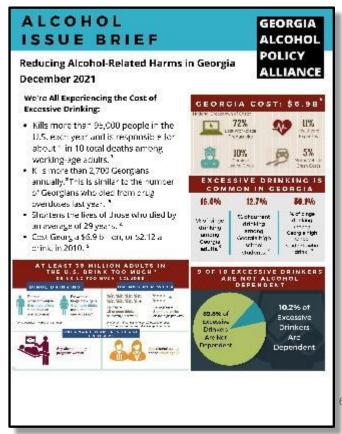
Georgia Department of Revenue



# Who is the alcohol policy expert in Georgia?

### Let's prepare so that we are!

- Framing: issue is <u>Excessive Drinking</u>
   Not youth, alcoholism, drunk driving
- End game: The Community Guide
- Develop and publish a policy brief https://www.gaalcoholpolicy.org/issue-brief
- Track bills, analyze policy, prioritize
- Develop talking points for key issues





# **Developing political leverage**

What our policy losses – and many policy experts – teach us:

Political power is at least as important as the <u>public health message</u>

Our 2021 progress on the following key fronts:

Allies Georgia Baptist Mission

Legislative relationships None

Grassroots None

Media None



# Money and other resources

Earned \$1500 from USAPA in facilitating the ANOC training early in 2021

Helped pay for: policy intern, printing policy brief and GAPA nametags, website, Google Workspace

Our 2021 progress on other key resource development fronts:

Donations None

Sponsorships None

Grants None

Fundraising events None



# Staying within IRS lobbying constraints

In setting up a statewide alcohol policy alliance, we who are in the nonprofit world have the option to convey our messages in many different ways, that have different lobbying constraints imposed by the IRS.

No restrictions

We can choose to share our message(s) wearing any of the following hats:



501c3 using federal (restricted) funds



Individual



As a statewide alliance



501c3 using unrestricted



501c4

Can be done once Form 5768 is filed, with tracking and

No restrictions until federal funds are accepted

Constraints on addressing specific legislation, for which a view is held, and a call to action is made

reporting of lobbying activity

Limited restrictions related to lobbying



# **Accomplishments/Emphasis**

2021 2022-2023

Capacity Launch, ANOC Training, Core **Continue:** Core team meetings; USAPA T.A.; AAN calls;

Team, USAPA T.A., AAN calls **Plus:** Alcohol Justice: building political power; policy

interns Fought breweries off-premise DTC without daily limit; won! In Action Fought "Cocktails to Go"; lost

Provided some T.A. on local alcohol policy to GA colleagues

Data CDC, SME's, NIAAA, STOP Act State Comparisons; Economics; 3-Tier Syst.; Dept. Revenue;

Ties to cancer; Equity; Minimum Unit Pricing; COVID

Policy

impact Policy Analysis Worksht; bill tracking/analysis/prioritization Framing: Excessive Drinking

**Political** Almost none

**Power** 

\$1500 USAPA; nothing else Resource Dev.

Largely as Individuals Lobbying

Fiscal sponsor; grant alert process; board donations

May be our #1 priority in 2022/23

Federal/State/Local: identified as GAPA (no federal

funding)



# **Deeper Dive on Future Focuses**

**Data** 

**State Comparisons**: legislators freely compare Georgia to other Southeast states

**Economics**: \$249B (US) /\$6.9B (GA) just doesn't grab legislators like we think it would

**3-Tier System:** major point of attack the last three years, continuing into 2023

**Dept. Revenue:** ally, strengthening enforcement; outlet density & licensing control potential

**Ties to cancer:** aim to bring in partners (ACS, AHA, physicians, researchers)

**Equity:** "equity" doesn't play well outside Atlanta; but need to find how to tell this story Minimum Unit Pricing: Europe/Oregon policy could translate to non-tax price increases **COVID Impact**: How the pandemic is impacting consumption, harms, and mental health

**Policy** 

Policy Analysis Worksheet (systematic alcohol policy analysis from NW PTTC); see next page

**Political Power** 

Allies #1 priority Legislative in 2022/23?

Explore collaboration with those potential allies on slide 8; Chair and members of two Regulated Industries committees;

Alcohol "no" votes; Cities and Counties re preemption

Grassroots

T.A. from Alcohol Justice; E-news/alert list;

Media

Website; Twitter; Meet reporters; press conferences at Capitol

Lobbying

Knowing when and how to lobby with what "hat" on



Coalition using restricted \$





alliance



Coalition using unrestricted \$



501c4



# **Policy Analysis Worksheet**

- Developed by Mary Segawa and Julia Dilley while at the NW PTTC
- Enables systematic analysis of proposed legislation based on policy
  - domainspublic Health & Safety
    - Placement/Access
    - Products/Potency
    - Promotions/Advertising

- Price/Taxation
- Considers other issues including:
  - Preemption
  - Equity
  - Economic Impact
  - Enforcement

| GAPA Policy Analysis Worksheet DRAFT                              |  |                               |  |           |   |
|---|--|-------------------------------|--|-----------|---|
| Bill<br>Name/Number   | Bill<br>Description  | Regulatory<br>Domain Strategy | Current<br>Approach                                  | Strengths | Needs Improvement   |
| Senate Read and<br>Referred  Sponsors: Chuck<br>Hufstetler, Elena | Manufacturers<br>sell off-<br>premises DTC<br>and donation<br>of malt<br>beverages | Public Health and<br>Safety   | No limit on sales<br>for consumption<br>off premises | • N/A     | <ul> <li>Removing the maximum<br/>daily sales limit increases<br/>the likelihood of<br/>excessive drinking</li> </ul> |

# That's a wrap!



### **Selected Resources**

- 1. US Alcohol Policy Alliance <a href="https://www.alcoholpolicy.org/">https://www.alcoholpolicy.org/</a>
- 2. Alcohol Action Network <a href="https://www.alcoholactionnetwork.com/">https://www.alcoholactionnetwork.com/</a>
- 3. Center for Advancing Alcohol Science to Practice <a href="https://alcoholsciencetopractice.org/">https://alcoholsciencetopractice.org/</a>
- 4. Alcohol Justice <a href="https://alcoholjustice.org/">https://alcoholjustice.org/</a>
- 5. CDC on Alcohol <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/alcohol/index.htm">https://www.cdc.gov/alcohol/index.htm</a>
- 6. Alcohol Related Disease Impact (ARCI) <a href="https://nccd.cdc.gov/DPH">https://nccd.cdc.gov/DPH</a> ARDI/default/default.aspx
- 7. The Community Guide's "What Works" Fact Sheet, from the Community Preventative Services Task Force
  - https://thecommunityguide.org/resources/what-works-preventing-excessive-alcohol-consumption
- **8.** WHO's SAFER recommended alcohol strategies: <a href="https://www.who.int/initiatives/SAFER">https://www.who.int/initiatives/SAFER</a>
- 9. STOP Act Grant Annual Report https://www.stopalcoholabuse.gov/about-iccpud/data/national-reports/report-to-congress/default.aspx
- 10. Policy Analysis Worksheet <a href="https://pttcnetwork.org/sites/default/files/2021-05/R10-PTTC-Policy-Analysis-Worksheet.-Fillable508-Fin-al.-5.2021.pdf">https://pttcnetwork.org/sites/default/files/2021-05/R10-PTTC-Policy-Analysis-Worksheet.-Fillable508-Fin-al.-5.2021.pdf</a>
- 11. Georgia Alcohol Policy Alliance <a href="https://www.gaalcoholpolicy.org/">https://www.gaalcoholpolicy.org/</a>

# **Questions?**

# Follow up:

Michael Mumper

Michael@GaAlcoholPolicy.org, 404-444-4029